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choice Type C medicated feed must be the subject of an approved Form FDA 1900 as required by 21 CFR 510.455.

- (iv) Use free-choice Type C medicated feeds for pasture cattle (slaughter, stocker, and feeder cattle, and dairy and beef replacement heifers) as follows:
- (a) Amount. Feed continuously to provide 10 to 20 milligrams of bambermycins per head per day.
- (b) Indications for use. For increased rate of weight gain.
- (c) Limitations. Each use in a freechoice Type C medicated feed must be the subject of an approved new animal drug application (NADA) or supplemental NADA as required by 21 CFR 510.455.
- (5) Bambermycins may be used in combination with:
 - (i) Diclazuril as in §558.198.
 - (ii) Halofuginone as in §558.265.
 - (iii) Monensin as in §558.355.
- (iv) Narasin alone or with nicarbazin or roxarsone as in §558.363.
- (v) Nicarbazin as in §558.366.

$[40~{\rm FR}~13959,\,{\rm Mar.}~27,\,1975]$

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §558.95, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and on GPO Access.

§558.105 [Reserved]

§558.115 Carbadox.

- (a) *Approvals*. Type A medicated articles: 2.2. percent (10 grams per pound) to 066104 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (b) $Related\ tolerances.$ See §556.100 of this chapter.
- (c) Special considerations. Do not use in Type B or Type C medicated feeds containing bentonite.
- (d) Conditions of use. It is used for swine as follows:
- $\begin{array}{cccc} (1) & Amount & per & ton. & 10-25 & {\rm grams} \\ (0.0011-0.00275 & {\rm percent}). & \end{array}$
- (i) *Indications for use.* For increase in rate of weight gain and improvement of feed efficiency.
- (ii) *Limitations*. Not for use in pregnant swine or swine intended for breeding purposes. Do not feed to swine within 42 days of slaughter.
- (2) Amount per ton. 50 grams (0.0055 percent).

- (i) Indications for use. For control of swine dysentery (vibrionic dysentery, bloody scours, or hemorrhagic dysentery); control of bacterial swine enteritis (salmonellosis or necrotic enteritis caused by Salmonella choleraesuis); increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency.
- (ii) *Limitations*. Not for use in pregnant swine or swine intended for breeding purposes. Do not feed to swine within 42 days of slaughter.
- (3) Amount per ton. Carbadox 50 grams (0.0055 percent) plus pyrantel tartrate, 96 grams (0.0106 percent).
- (i) Indications for use. For control of swine dysentery (vibrionic dysentery, bloody scours, or hemorrhagic dysentery); control of bacterial swine enteritis (salmonellosis or necrotic enteritis caused by Salmonella choleraesuis); aid in the prevention of migration and establishment of large roundworm (Ascaris suum) infections; aid in the prevention of establishment of nodular worm (Oesophagostomum) infections.
- (ii) Limitations. Do not feed to swine over 75 pounds; do not feed within 10 weeks of slaughter; consult a veterinarian before feeding to severely debilitated animals; feed continuously as sole ration. Do not use in complete feeds containing less than 15 percent crude protein.

[40 FR 13959, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 40 FR 45164, Oct. 1, 1975; 40 FR 57798, Dec. 12, 1975; 42 FR 761, Jan. 4, 1977; 51 FR 7396, Mar. 3, 1986; 63 FR 59216, Nov. 3, 1998; 66 FR 47963, Sept. 17, 2001]

$\S 558.120$ Carbarsone (not U.S.P.).

- (a) Approvals. Type A medicated articles: (1) 37.5 percent to 046573 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (2) 25 percent carbarsone and 5 grams per pound bacitracin (as bacitracin methylene disalicylate) to 046573 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (b) Related tolerances. See §556.60 of this chapter.
- (c) [Reserved]
- (d) Conditions of use. (1) It is used for turkeys as follows:
- (i) $Grams\ per\ ton.\ 227\ to\ 340.5\ (0.025\ to\ 0.0375\ percent).$
- (a) Indications for use. As an aid in the prevention of blackhead.